REPORT ON STRUCTURAL SAFETY & STABILITY EVALUATION OF

SRISTI GLOBAL SCHOOL (SRISTI EDUCATION TRUST)

Sy. No.22/1, Kaveri Layout, Kodigehalli Village, KR Puram Hobli, Bengaluru, Karnataka-560067

Name of the School: SRISTI GLOBAL SCHOOL

Investigation done by: NISHICON INFRASTRUCTURES

Non-Destructive Testing and Structural Rehabilitation Engineering Council of India Certified, Reg: PE/00560/16/R21 #317/19, 1st G Cross, Subbanna Garden, R.P.C Layout (west)Extn, Vijayanagara, Bengaluru, Karnataka -560040

Certified by:

Dr. N. Jayaramappa





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UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

UVCE, JNANABHARATHI CAMPUS, BANGALORE 560056.

April 2022

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Sy. No.22/1, Kaveri Layout, Kodigehalli Village, KR Puram Hobli, Bengaluru, Karnataka-560067

Name of the Building: SRISTI GLOBAL SCHOOL

Complete address of the Structure: Sy. No.22/1, Kaveri Layout, Kodigehalli Village,

KR Puram Hobli, Bengaluru, Karnataka-560067

Reference: Letter No. NIL/2021-22 dated 04.04.2022

Month of Testing: April 2022

Expert Advice: Dr. N. Jayaramappa

Professor

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Dr. N. Jayaramappa

B.E(Civil), M.E (Structures), Ph.D.

Professor

Department of Civil Engineering

Name of the Building: Sristi Global School

PREAMBLE

Sristi Global School management has requested Nishicon Infrastructures, Bangalore to conduct structural evaluation of Sristi Global School building and to submit the evaluation report. The detailed results of investigation are given in this report.

DECLERATION

This report of building stability which is carried out on above mentioned location has 20 pages. Any clarifications regarding the report have to be brought to our notice within 15 days of report submission.

LOCATION OF STRUCTURE

Latitude: 13°00'27.2"N Longitude: 77°43'45.6"E





1. INTRODUCTION

Sristi Global School Building Management has requested Nishicon Infrastructures, Bangalore and Bangalore University to conduct structural evaluation and inspection/investigation work. The purpose of this investigation is to determine the stability of existing structure and to report its fitness by conducting various tests. Based on the field tests and inspections the conclusions are presented in this report.

2. PHYSICAL INSPECTION

- No sign of settlement of foundation was observed all around at the time of inspection.
- The top surface of concrete was observed to be even with uniform finish.
- The slab in almost majority of blocks has good appearance.
- The exterior wall of building is in good condition (work under progress).
- It was observed during inspection that the chajja and parapet wall are in good conditions.
- No structural cracks were observed in bottom portion of beams and wall junction

3. PROBING TESTS

Based on above physical observations various investigation tests are carried out on structures in order to verify the overall quality of construction.

- i. Carrying out Rebound Hammer Test to assess the surface hardness / insitu strength of concrete in existing structure.
- **ii.** Carrying out Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity Test to assess the quality / uniformity of concrete in in existing structure.
- **iii.** Dimensional measurements of structures with respect to structural drawings furnished.

The details of the individual test carried out along with equipment details and relevant standards for the same are furnished herein:

3.1. Carrying out Rebound Hammer Test to assess the surface hardness/in-situ strength of concrete

Rebound Hammer Test is a quick method for assessing the surface hardness / in-situ strength of concrete based on the surface hardness indicated by the rebound number. If the strength of concrete is high, then the rebound number is also high.

Rebound Hammer Test was carried out on various RC members viz top roof slab and available beams at random to assess the surface hardness / in-situ strength of concrete. The above test was conducted using SCHMIDT Rebound Hammer (N-Type) from M/s. **Proceq**, Switzerland as per the guidelines in Indian Standard IS: 13311 (Part-II).

The results of the tests are tabulated below. From the results of the Rebound Hammer test, it is inferred that the in-situ strength of concrete in the structure appear to surface is in the range of 22 to 34 N/Sq.mm.

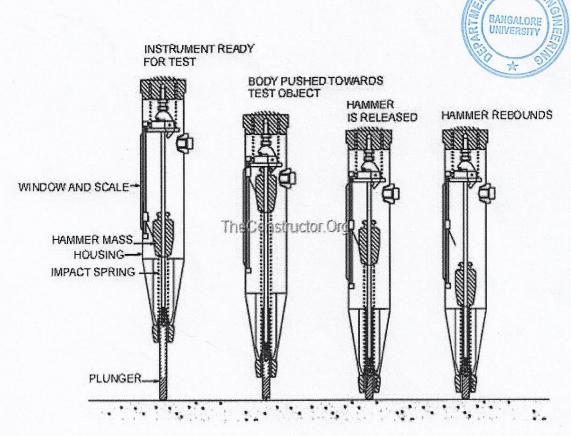


Fig. No 1 Working of rebound hammer

Table 3.1 Reference strength chart for Rebound hammer test

Rebound Number	Estimated Compressive, strength Range (Mpa)
22 to 26	10 to 14
26 to 30	14 to 18
30 to 34	18 to 22
34 to 36	22 to 26
36 to 42	26 to 34
42 to 46	34 to 36

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3.2. Carrying out Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity Test to assess the quality / uniformity of concrete

Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity test (UPVT) is being extensively used to assess the quality /uniformity and integrity of concrete. This test is generally used for measurement of concrete uniformity, estimation of crack depth, presence of honeycombs voids, assessment of concrete deterioration and assessment of in-situ strength (for lower grade concrete only). Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity Test was carried out on various RC members viz top roof slab and available beams at random to assess the conformity of concrete as per standard practice. The above test was conducted using "PUNDIT Lab+" (Portable Ultrasonic Non-Destructive Digital Indicating Tester) equipment with appropriate transducers from M/s. Proceq, Switzerland as per the guidelines in Indian Standard IS: 13311 (Part-I)-1992-(Reaffirmed in 2013) and also as per standard literature. Direct and in-direct method of testing was adopted depending on the site condition.

From the results of the Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity test, it is inferred that quality of concrete in the tested structure region fall under the category of "Good Concrete" as per Table-2 of IS:13311-(Part-D-1992-Reaffirmed in 2013).

The results of the tests are tabulated below.

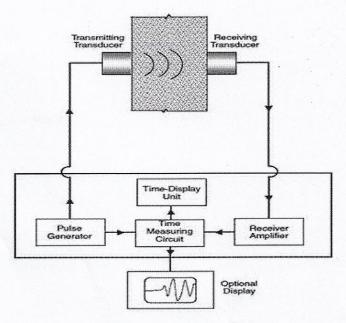


Fig. No 2 Working of Pundit

Table No 3.2 VELOCITY CRITERION FOR CONCRETE QUALITY GRADING

(I S: 13311 (Part 1): 1992 – Non-Destructive testing of concrete: Methods of tests – Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity test (First reprint September 1996))

Pulse Velocity By cross probing (km / sec)	Concrete Quality Grading
Above 4.5	Excellent
3.5 to 4.5	Good
3.0 to 3.5	Medium
Below 3.0	Doubtful
	Above 4.5 3.5 to 4.5 3.0 to 3.5

Note: In case of "doubtful" quality it may be necessary to carry out further tests

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4. DETAILS OF STRUCTURE

1	Name of the Building	Sristi Global School			
2	Complete Postal Address of the	Sy. No.22/1, Kaveri Layout, Kodigehalli Village, KR			
	Building with Pin code	Puram Hobli, Bengaluru, Karnataka-560067			
3	No. of Floors	Basement + G+2			
4	Height of Block	10.20 m			
5	Length of Block	61.50 m			
6	Width of Block	24.75 m			
7	Total Premises area (Sm)	4046.81			
8	Type of Structure	Educational Building			
9	Material Used	RCC & Solid Block Masonry			
10	Plan Provided	Yes			
11	Structural Details Provided	No			
12	Type of Roof	Reinforced Concrete Roof structure			
13	Condition of Roof	Satisfactory			
14	Zone of earth Quake	Zone-II			

5. DETAILS OF SUB STRUCTURE

1	Name of the Building	Sristi Global School
2	Type of Foundation	Isolated
3	Depth of Foundation	- SOF CIVIL
4	Type of Soil	Red Earth Gravel Soil BANGALORE UNIVERSITY
5	Foundation Dimensions	
6	Foundation details present in drawing	No
7	Condition of Foundation	Good

6. DETAILS OF MASONRY STRUCTURE

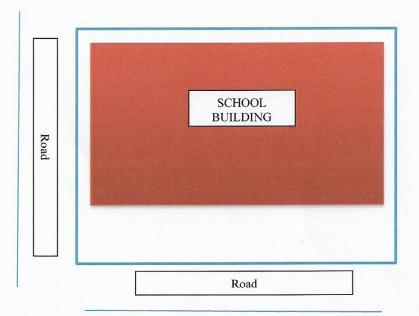
1	Name of the Building	Sristi Global School
2	Type of Masonry	Solid Cement Block Masonry
3	Material used in Masonry with Condition	Solid block with cement mortar Good
4	Condition of Wall	Good
5	Type of walls	Non- load bearing walls
6	Any visible structural cracks in masonry Elements	No
7	Any visible Hairline cracks in masonry Elements	No

7. STAIR CASE DETAILS OBSERVED

Sl. No	Description (Doglegged)	Unit(m)	Remarks Condition
1	Length of stair case	4.00 m	Good
2	Width of Treads	0.32 m	Good
3	Height of Riser	0.15 m	Good
4	No. of Riser in a flight	11 No's + 10 No's	Good
5	Height of Hand Rails/Brick wall	-	-
6	Head Room Clearance	2.65 m	Good
7	Width of stair case	3.30 m	Good
	28		meeting the standards as per NBC

SRISTI GLOBAL SCHOOL

8. LINE SKETCH OF SCHOOL BLOCK





SRISTI GLOBAL SCHOOL

9. NDT- SCHMIDT REBOUND HAMMER FIELD DATA

Date of Testing: 05.04.2022
Test Equipment used: SCHMIDT HAMMER, M/S PROCEQ SWITZERLAND
Test Method: IS13311 (Part2): 1992 RA 2013

S. No	Member Identification	Rebound Number	Average Rebound Number	Estimated Average Compressive Strength (Mpa)	Remarks
		BASEN	MENT		
		36			
		38			
1	Column	36	36.66	26 to 34	Satisfactory
1	Column	36	20.00	20 10 34	Satisfactory
		38			
		36			
		36			
		38			
2	, n	36	26.22	26+-24	C-+:C+
2	Beam	36	36.33	26 to 34 Satisf	Satisfactory
		36			
		36			
		38	- ,		
		36		26 to 34	
	D (11	38			C-+:-C+
3	Roof slab	40			Satisfactory
		38			
		38			
		38			
		36			
	0	36	26.66	26. 24	C + 1 - C - +
4	Stair case	38	36.66	26 to 34	Satisfactory
		36	۵		
		36			
		GROUND	FLOOR		
		38			
		36			
_	5 Column	40	20.00	26. 24	C-+:-C- ·
5		38	38.00	26 to 34	Satisfactory
		40			
		36			



		38).
		36		26 to 34	
6	Beam	34	37.00		Satisfactory
0	Deam	38	37.00		
		40			
		36			
		40			
	Roof Slab	36	36.66	26 to 34	Satisfactory
7		34			
/		36			
		38			
		36			
	Staircase	38	37.66	26 to 34	
		40			Catiafaatawa
8		34			
0		36			Satisfactory
		40			
		38			

		FIRST	Γ FLOOR		
		36			
		38			
9	Column	40	38.66	26 to 34	Satisfactory
	Column	40	30.00		Satisfactory
		38			
		40			
		38			
	Roof slab	34	35.33	22 to 26	
10		34			Satisfactory
10		36			Satisfactory
		38			
		32			
	Beam	32	35.33	22 to 26 Satisfac	
		34			
11		38			Satisfactory
11	Deam	36			Jacistactory
		34			OF CIVI
		38			(S)
					BANGALORE UNIVERSITY

		Secor	nd FLOOR		
		36			Satisfactory
		38			
12	Column	38	37.33	26 to 34	
12	Column	40	37.33	201034	
		34			
		38			
		36			Satisfactory
		34		22 to 26	
13	Beam	34	35.33		
13	Deam	38			
		34			
		36			
	Roof Slab	38	37.00	26 to 34	
		38			Satisfactory
14		40			
	rtoor blub	36			baciblectory
		36			
		34			
		36			
		34		22 to 26	
15	Staircase	36	35.33		Satisfactory
		36			
		34			
		36			



10. ULTRASONIC PULSE VELOCITY TEST

FLOOR LEVEL : At All Floor Levels

6

Beam

DATE : 05-04-2022.

<u>Table.2: Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity Test Results</u> IS: 13311 (Part 1):1992

SI. No	Structural Members	Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity in Km/Sec	Average Velocity Km / Sec	Concrete Quality Grading as Per IS – 13311- PART-1 Remarks Ref chart 1-2
		BASEN	MENT	
		3.88		
1	Column	3.86	3.86	Good
		3.84		
		3.92		
2	Beam	3.93	3.91	Good
		3.88		
	Roof slab	3.86		
3		3.84	3.85	Good
		3.86		
		3.68		
4	Staircase	3.71	3.71	Good
		3.74		OF CIVI
		GROUND	FLOOD	BANGALOR UNIVERSIT
			FLOOK	Mail .
_		3.98	2.00	Cool
5	Column	3.86	3.90	Good
		3.88		

3.81

3.83

3.82

3.82

Good

7	Roof Slab	3.87 3.88 3.88	3.87	Good
8	Staircase	3.92 3.89 3.85	3.88	Good
		FIRST F	LOOR	
		3.89		
9	Column	3.92 3.83	3.88	Good
10	Beam	3.83 3.86 3.88	3.85	Good
11	Roof Slab	3.91 3.89 3.90	3.90	Good
		Second F	FLOOR	
12	Column	3.91 3.95 3.95	3.93	Good
13	Beam	3.90 3.93 3.91	3.91	Good
14	Roof Slab	3.88 3.86 3.79	3.84	Good
15	Staircase	3.80 3.77 3.79	3.78	Good BANGALORI UNIVERSITY

11. INFERENCE

Based on the present condition of the building and the test result submitted by Nishicon Infrastructures, Bangalore. It is inferred that the building complies with safety and serviceability requirements as expected by the provisions of section 35 of IS 456:2000 (Indian Standard Plain and Reinforced Concrete – Code of Practice, latest revision).

CONCLUSIONS

Thus, the building complies with the safety and serviceability requirements and hence the next phase of evaluation is also not necessary. Hence it is advised to repair the building by filling cracks with proper crack sealant or grouting material and building is **advisable for any tenancy or occupancy**. **The building is safe for occupancy** as per National Building Code of India-2016 guidelines and available standard code of practise.

The repair techniques are advised at later stages within next date of re-inspection

- 1. Plastering and Painting of existing Roof slab and walls
- 2. Damp proofing works at all floors
- 3. Crack Sealing or grouting works at visible structural cracks at some locations
- 4. Crack Sealing works at visible hairline cracks at some locations

DETAILS OF INSPECTION

Date of Visit:

05.04.2022

Date of Testing:

05.04.2022

Date of Reporting:

06.04.2022



DECLERATION

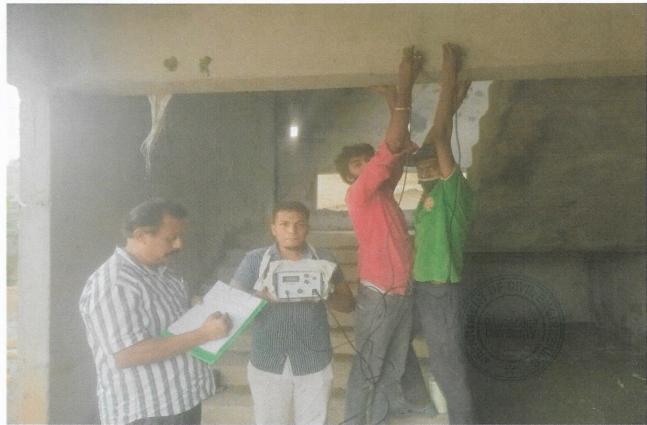
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12. PHOTOS

























13.0 REFERENCES

- IS: 13311 (part 1): 1992 Non Destructive Testing of Concrete: Methods of Test,
 Part 1 Ultrasonic Pulse Velocity Test (First print September 1996).
- IS: 13311 (part 2): 1992 Non-Destructive Testing of concrete:
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- 4. IS: 2386 1963, Methods of Test for Aggregates for Concrete, (Sixth reprint June 1984).



- 5. IS: 383 1970, Specification for coarse and fine Aggregate from Natural Sources for Concrete second Revision, (Eighth reprint October 1991)
- 6. Non-Destructive Testing of Concrete Structures, edited by Prof. S. K. Kaushik. al, proceedings of the INDO US workshop on Non-Destructive testing, Indian Concrete Institute, Roorkee, December 17 18, 1996.
- 7. Bungey, J.H., 'The testing of Concrete Structures', second, edition, Survey University Press, Distribution in the USA by Chapman and Hall, New York.
- 8. Properties of Concrete by A.M. Neville, Fourth edition, 1996, reprint 2003, ELBS, Longman Publications, England.

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